

經濟部所屬事業機構 97 年新進職員甄試試題

類別：全部類別 科目：共同科目（國文、英文） 節次：第一節

注 意 事 項	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. 本試題共 4 頁(A3 紙 1 張)。2. 本試題包含(1)國文:論文寫作 1 篇(100 分),須用藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在答案卷指定範圍內作答;(2)英文:單選題共 50 題,每題 2 分,共 100 分,須用 2B 鉛筆在答案卡畫記作答,於本試題或其他紙張作答者不予計分。3. 英文單選題請就各題選項中選出最適當者為答案,各題答對得該題所配分數,答錯或畫記多於 1 個選項者,倒扣該題所配分數 3 分之 1,倒扣計至英文科之實得分數為零為止;未作答者,不給分亦不扣分。4. 本試題採雙面印刷,請注意正、背面試題。5. 考試結束前離場者,試題須隨答案卷(卡)繳回,俟該節考試結束後,始得至原試場索取。6. 考試時間:90 分鐘。
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壹、國文：論文寫作：100 分（請在「答案卷」上作答，必須抄題）

寫作題目：危機與轉機

貳、英文：單選題共 50 題，每題 2 分，共 100 分(答錯有倒扣請詳閱注意事項 3.)

一、單字篇

1. One of Ms. Smith's _____ is to take care of the disadvantaged.
(A) readjustment (B) responsibility (C) irresponsibility (D) adjustment
2. After years of _____, flights commenced this summer between Java Airport and Stanley Island, about 270 kilometers from Casey Station.
(A) deception (B) recognition (C) perception (D) preparation
3. The board concluded that all policies and strategies must be discussed with all _____ personnel and staff.
(A) aboriginal (B) indulgent (C) industrious (D) managerial
4. Taiwan's enterprises should be _____ to establish themselves at home, network throughout the Asia-Pacific region, and position themselves globally.
(A) encouraged (B) discouraged (C) blamed (D) punished
5. The _____ is the highest administrative organ of the government of Republic of China.
(A) Examination Yuan (B) Judicial Yuan (C) Executive Yuan (D) Control Yuan
6. To promote the upgrading of industry and to encourage exports, the government has _____ measures which include tax rebates for exports and reductions or exemptions of other taxes.
(A) admired (B) implemented (C) exposed (D) locked
7. Helen is managing director of Recruiting Services. She is _____ developing a proven way to attract the best talent.
(A) committed to (B) separated from (C) removed from (D) detached from
8. After the President's inauguration ceremony, new ministers _____ office on May 20, 2008.
(A) presumed (B) resumed (C) assumed (D) consumed
9. Dr. Chen _____ a speech in which he commemorated the Institute's achievements.
(A) threw (B) took (C) talked (D) delivered
10. Rampant _____ threatens many countries' economic performance. It is pervasive in some of their most vital sectors.
(A) benediction (B) corruption (C) fidelity (D) accuracy

11. The amendment was designed to _____ small business capital formation by providing added investment flexibility to business development companies.
 (A) hinder (B) stem (C) facilitate (D) postpone
12. The young dancer made her very successful _____ last night.
 (A) appearance (B) acquaintance (C) announcement (D) debut
13. The horrible earthquake has left our house in _____.
 (A) place (B) shadows (C) shambles (D) smoke
14. Although the new investment plan looks lucrative, as an official from the Bureau of Economic Affairs, one still has to exam all possibilities of it being a _____ and jeopardizing national interests.
 (A) sleuth (B) sham (C) shame (D) sphinx
15. It is easy to become _____ and feel good about oneself.
 (A) complacent (B) contempt (C) contentious (D) contingent
16. I _____ any comments to the press.
 (A) defused (B) dictated (C) deflected (D) declined
17. The billionaire is famed for his _____ to find gold and become rich overnight.
 (A) settlement (B) sacrifice (C) serendipity (D) originality
18. In a newspaper, the space _____ for news usually depends on the amount of advertising that is sold.
 (A) anticipated (B) allotted (C) averted (D) automated
19. Recently, I suffered serious insomnia so my family doctor prescribed some medicine to help _____ sleep.
 (A) fall (B) battle (C) induce (D) seduce
20. My boss is a typical Gemini and changes his mind about every 2 minutes—sometimes it is really _____ to be his subordinate.
 (A) frustrating (B) frustrated (C) fortunate (D) ingenious

二、文法慣用語篇

21. _____ you have any further question, please feel free to ask.
 (A) If (B) Before (C) After (D) Don't
22. If Jane cannot finish the thesis on time, _____ present it on the symposium.
 (A) she is able to (B) unless she is able to (C) she is going to (D) she won't be able to
23. A nationwide strike tomorrow against the government's plans to overhaul the pension system _____ some trains, flights and access to airports.
 (A) disrupt to (B) to be disrupted (C) disrupted (D) will disrupt
24. _____ their conclusions, the researchers matched the list of the most consumed foods with a list of black-hearted products and found an alarming degree of overlapping.
 (A) To be reached (B) To be reaching (C) To reach (D) The reach of
25. Although the Williams are very strong,
 (A) but they did not win every match. (B) they did not win every match.
 (C) though they did not win every match (D) so they win every match.
26. Mr. Lee, Teng-hui, _____ from 1988 to 2000, was the President of the Republic of China.
 (A) who served (B) who serving (C) be serving (D) served
27. Tom and Linda _____ to buy a new lamp.
 (A) went to downtown yesterday (B) went downtown during yesterday
 (C) went downtown yesterday (D) went to downtown during yesterday
28. World leaders _____ concerted efforts to combat transnational threats, including terrorism.
 (A) called out (B) called in (C) called at (D) called for

29. It has been raining for four hours. _____ forever.
 (A) Either we go now or we remain here (B) Neither we go now or we remain here
 (C) Either we go now nor we remain here (D) We are neither here nor there
30. It is just _____ time. It will happen, but not today.
 (A) a little of (B) a lot of (C) a matter of (D) a few of
31. _____ saving some money for your mortgage, I think you'd better not buy that fancy dress.
 (A) By (B) In addition to (C) Away from (D) In terms of
32. _____ Taiwan's 23 million people, the former President Chen sent a letter to the Secretary-General of the United Nations to request the admission of Taiwan as a member to the United Nations.
 (A) On behalf of (B) In the face of (C) To be fond of (D) In favor of
33. You can't always say "Yes," to people. You have to _____ sometime and somewhere.
 (A) drop a line (B) draw a line (C) drive a line (D) dread a line
34. The new secretary is proficient _____ English and French.
 (A) in (B) on (C) to (D) with
35. We must be _____ guard against our competitor's new market release.
 (A) in (B) on (C) at (D) with
36. We are all _____ about your acquisition proposition.
 (A) eyes (B) breath (C) hearts (D) ears
37. The new administration's economic policies will _____ soon.
 (A) come to an end (B) come into force (C) come into play (D) come into words
38. We have scored _____ goals than our rivals.
 (A) fewer (B) less (C) little (D) much
39. What happened? You look _____ you have been in the rain.
 (A) as (B) as if (C) such as (D) like if
40. Almost every tourist will visit _____ Buckingham Palace when in London.
 (A) (leave blank) (B) the (C) a (D) an

三、閱讀測驗

passage one

The people of Taiwan have been proud of Taiwan's development experience, as the key to success has required the combined efforts of the entire nation. However, only rarely does one hear about the major role international assistance has played in Taiwan's economic construction and development. From the 1950s to 1980s, Taiwan received large amounts of money from donations and assistance from international organizations, as well as the United States and other wealthy nations. The total amount exceeded US\$2.4 billion, not including US military assistance for safeguarding Taiwan. Most people remember the old days, when they consumed flour, drank milk and wore pants made from flour sacks, all of which came from the United States. However, they may not realize that many major infrastructures, including highways, electric railways, the Shih Men Dam and drinking water systems, were completed with preferential loans provided by international organizations and foreign countries. Even the eradication of malaria depended on assistance from the World Health Organization. Taiwan now has the ability to reciprocate as a result of the foreign aid it received in the past. In order to "give back to the international community and fulfill our responsibility as a member of the international community," Taiwan provides foreign aid to and shares our development experiences with friendly nations and diplomatic allies. This not only consolidates Taiwan's relations with them, but also lets us fulfill our obligations to the international community.

41. According to this paragraph, Taiwan
 (A) did not receive any foreign aids in the past years.
 (B) is still receiving foreign aids.
 (C) only received foreign aids from the United States.
 (D) received foreign aids from the United States and other international organizations.

42. The total amount Taiwan received from international community are over
 (A) 2400 million US dollars. (B) 24000 thousand US dollars.
 (C) 480000 million NT dollars. (D) no reliable numbers.
43. Why preferential loan program is helpful to build up Taiwan's infrastructures?
 (A) Because we don't need to pay back to the lenders.
 (B) Because the interest rate is lower than the market rate.
 (C) Because we can spend it as we wish.
 (D) Because the Legislative Yuan cannot supervise its use.
44. Which international organization is specialized in the eradication of diseases?
 (A) World Trade Organization (B) International Labor Organization
 (C) World Health Organization (D) International Monetary Fund
45. Taiwan now provides foreign aid to its diplomatic allies, because
 (A) Taiwan is forced to do so by international laws.
 (B) Taiwan has legal obligations to them.
 (C) this policy serves Taiwan's overall national interests.
 (D) this policy can control inflation.

passage two

A global "population explosion" brought to the postwar world a multitude of social problems. Symptoms of underlying social tensions were such disquieting contemporary phenomena as youth in revolt and upsurging crime.

The postwar years in America were marked by a curious mix of idealism and materialism. One striking example was the concurrent rise in both church membership and secularization.

Despite a record of unexampled physical growth, America found itself facing a host of danger signals, including depletion of natural resources, health hazards, a creaking governmental structure, and an overburdened educational system.

America's submerged minorities had achieved genuine progress, but the goal of a fully integrated society had not been attained. High on the agenda of unfinished business stood the incongruity of affluence for the majority of Americans while large minorities remained in poverty.

Once a revolutionary force in a world of conservatism, America had become a conservative force in a world of revolution. Yet America remained the world's last and perhaps still the best hope for freedom.

46. According to the article, what main factor brought to the post World War II world a multitude of social problems?
 (A) poverty (B) population explosion (C) loss of lives (D) increased orphanage
47. Which in the following is not a post-war danger signal in America?
 (A) growing number of church goers (B) health hazards
 (C) depletion of natural resources (D) an overburdened educational system
48. According to your understanding, which group of people should not be counted as America's minority groups?
 (A) women (B) African-Americans (C) Asian-Americans (D) men
49. Crime rate in post-war America has _____.
 (A) become less organized (B) declined
 (C) climbed (D) remained about the same
50. Despite all the negative aspects he saw in post-war America, the author of the article still thinks America is _____.
 (A) the best hope for rich and fame (B) the best hope for freedom
 (C) the worst hope for freedom (D) the last hope for survival